

1. Arrange the major developments in Harappan Archaeology in chronological order:

- (A) Report of Alexander Cunningham on Harappan seal
- (B) S.R. Rao begins excavations at Lothal
- (C) Daya Ram Sahni begins excavations at Harappa
- (D) Vasant Shinde begins archaeogenetic research at Rakhigarhi

Options:

- 1. (A), (B), (C), (D)
- 2. (A), (C), (B), (D)
- 3. (B), (A), (D), (C)
- 4. (C), (B), (D), (A)

2. Traces of canals have been found at the Harappan site of _____.

- 1. Shortughai in Afghanistan
- 2. Banawali in Haryana
- 3. Lothal
- 4. Mohenjodaro

3. Which of the following rulers adopted the title Devaputra (son of god)?

- 1. Kushanas
- 2. Sakas
- 3. Mauryas
- 4. Satavahanas

4. The Gandatindu Jataka describes:

- (A) Cordial relationship between king and subjects
- (B) Plight of subjects under a wicked king
- (C) Strained relationship between king and rural population
- (D) Kings filling their coffers through oppressive taxes

Options:

- 1. (A), (B) and (D)
- 2. (A), (B) and (C)
- 3. (A), (C) and (D)
- 4. (B), (C) and (D)

5. Match List-I with List-II:

List-I	List-II
(A) Descent traced through mother	(I) Ad-Parvan
(B) Barbarians/outside of Brahmanical order	(II) Endogamy
(C) First section of Mahabharata	(III) Matriliney
(D) Marriage within kin/group	(IV) Mlechchhas

Options:

- 1. A-III, B-IV, C-I, D-II
- 2. A-I, B-III, C-II, D-IV
- 3. A-IV, B-III, C-I, D-II
- 4. A-III, B-II, C-IV, D-I

6. In the play Mrichchhakatika, Charudatta was described as both a Brahmana and a _____.

- 1. Nishada
- 2. Kshatriya
- 3. Sarthavaha
- 4. Mlechchha

7. Which ruler of the Satavahana dynasty claimed to be a unique Brahmana (eka-brahmana)?

- 1. Gautami-putra Satakarni
- 2. Gotami-putra Siri-Yajna Satakarni
- 3. Vasisthiputra Pulumayi
- 4. Madari-putra Svami Sakasena

8. The Buddha regarded the social world as the creation of:

1. Humans
2. Plants
3. Lord Brahma
4. Lord Vishnu

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|--|------------------|
| (B) Rules for conduct between master and disciples | (II)
Langar |
| (C) Pilgrimage to grave of Shaikh | (III)
Silsila |
| (D) Open kitchen | (IV)
Murshid |

9. Who persuaded Buddha to allow women into the Sangha?

1. Ajatasattu
2. Makkhali Gosala
3. Mahapajapati Gotami
4. Ananda

Options:

1. A-III, B-IV, C-I, D-II
2. A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV
3. A-III, B-II, C-IV, D-I
4. A-IV, B-III, C-II, D-I

10. If you are reading traveller accounts, which of the following would be of Al-Biruni?

1. Explanation of caste system using parallels in Persia
2. Description of Daulatabad as vast city
3. Finding lack of private property in India
4. Description of coconut and paan

13. Why were agricultural tracts incorporated within Vijayanagara's fortified area?

1. Protect agricultural belt
2. Provide fruits and vegetables to royal family
3. Beautify capital
4. Use fields as line of defence

11. Which of the following is not true about the Lingayats?

1. On death devotees unite with Vishnu
2. They reject caste hierarchy
3. They worship Shiva as Linga
4. Lingas worn in silver cases

14. In Vijayanagara, water from which structure was carried through channel to the royal centre?

1. Lotus tank
2. Hiriy canal
3. Vijaya canal
4. Kamalapuram tank

12. Match List-I with List-II (Sufi Terms)

15. Which statement about Ain-i-Akbari is not true?

1. Completed in 1598
2. View of regions from the centre
3. Provides quantitative data on provinces
4. Completed during Shah Jahan

16. Match List-I with List-II (Revenue Collection)

List-I	List-II
(A) Sufi lineages	(I) Ziyarat

List-I	List-II
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- (A) Crops reaped and divided by agreement
(B) Crops cut and estimated in three lots
(C) After cutting, grain heaps divided
(D) Fields divided after sowing
- (I) Bhaoli
(II) Lang-batai
(III) Kankut
(IV) Khet-batai

- (A) Mutiny turned into general revolt
(B) Mutiny started in Meerut
(C) Delhi garrison revolt
(D) Havelock entered Lucknow

Options:

1. A, C, B, D
2. B, C, A, D
3. B, A, D, C
4. C, B, D, A

Options:

1. A-II, B-I, C-III, D-IV
2. A-I, B-III, C-IV, D-II
3. A-III, B-II, C-I, D-IV
4. A-IV, B-I, C-II, D-III

17. In seventeenth-century agrarian society, women of Rajasthan sent petitions to _____.

1. Village Panchayat
2. Amin
3. Diwan
4. Subedar

18. Arrange the following events in chronological order:

- (A) Santhals settle in Rajmahal hills
(B) Permanent Settlement in Bengal
(C) Cotton boom begins
(D) Santhal rebellion

Options:

1. A, B, C, D
2. A, C, B, D
3. B, A, C, D
4. C, B, D, A

19. Arrange events of 1857 revolt chronologically:

20. Who was approached for leadership by the sepoys of Meerut in 1857?

1. Rani Lakshmi Bai
2. Nana Sahib
3. Bahadur Shah Zafar
4. Kunwar Singh

21. Which movement was withdrawn after the Chauri Chaura incident?

1. Non-Cooperation Movement
2. Civil Disobedience Movement
3. Quit India Movement
4. Ahmedabad Labour Strike

22. Arrange events in chronological order:

- (A) Ryots rebel in Deccan
(B) Agrarian expansion in Bombay Deccan
(C) First revenue settlement in Bombay Deccan
(D) Regulating Act passed

Options:

1. D, C, B, A
2. A, B, C, D
3. B, A, D, C
4. C, B, D, A

23. Arrange Mughal-era events chronologically:

- (A) Babur defeats Ibrahim Lodi
(B) Humayun exiled to Safavid court
(C) Nadir Shah invades Delhi
(D) Diwani of Bengal transferred to EIC

Options:

1. A, B, C, D
2. A, C, D, B
3. B, A, D, C
4. C, B, D, A

2. A-I, B-III, C-II, D-IV
3. A-II, B-I, C-IV, D-III
4. A-III, B-IV, C-I, D-II

24. In the late eighteenth century, which was not a reason for zamindars' default?

1. High initial revenue demand
2. Zamindars allowed to organise troops
3. High demand at times of poor produce
4. Revenue had to be paid punctually

27. The total time span of the Harappan Civilisation ranges:

1. 2000–1000 BCE
2. 6000–1300 BCE
3. 1500–900 BCE
4. Post-Vedic period

25. What is the meaning of the term Benami?

1. Transaction in fictitious name
2. Property in name of Benam
3. Transaction by hand
4. Traceable transaction

28. Who deciphered Brahmi and Kharosthi scripts in 1838?

1. James Prinsep
2. Alexander Cunningham
3. D.C. Sircar
4. R.E.M. Wheeler

26. Match leaders with regions (1857 revolt):

Leader	Region
Shah Mal	Pargana Baraut (UP)
Gonoo	Singhbhum
Bijju Qadr	Awadh
Kunwar Singh	Arrah (Bihar)

Options:

1. A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV

29. Identify correct statements about inscriptions:

- (A) Record everyday practices
(B) Record achievements of rulers
(C) Engraved on hard surfaces
(D) Earliest inscriptions in Prakrit

Options:

1. A, B, D
2. A, B, C
3. B, C, D
4. A, C, D

30. Ashokan inscriptions in Afghanistan were written in:

1. Sanskrit
2. Prakrit
3. Aramaic and Greek
4. Latin and Greek

4. A–III, B–IV, C–II, D–I

31. Match List-I with List-II (Family terms):

Meaning	Term
Family term in Sanskrit texts	Kula
Descent from father to son	Patriliney
Man with many wives	Polygyny
Gift of daughter in marriage	Kanyadan a

34. According to which Buddhist text did Ashoka distribute Buddha's relics and build stupas?

1. Ashokavadana
2. Sutta Pitaka
3. Vinaya Pitaka
4. Mahaparinibbana Sutta

Options:

1. A–I, B–III, C–II, D–IV
2. A–II, B–I, C–III, D–IV
3. A–I, B–II, C–III, D–IV
4. A–IV, B–III, C–II, D–I

35. Match travellers with descriptions:

Description	Traveller
Hostage in Ghazni	Al-Biruni
Qazi of Delhi	Ibn Battuta
Physician to Shah Jahan	François Bernier
Wrote on trade in South India	Duarte Barbosa

32. In Sanskrit texts and inscriptions, the term Vanika refers to:

1. Peasants
2. Merchants
3. Guilds
4. Kings

Options:

1. A–I, B–III, C–II, D–IV
2. A–I, B–II, C–III, D–IV
3. A–II, B–I, C–IV, D–III
4. A–III, B–IV, C–I, D–II

33. Match Countries with Thinkers:

Country	Thinker
Iran	Zoroaster
China	Kong Zi
Greece	Plato and Aristotle
India	Mahavira and Buddha

Options:

1. A–III, B–IV, C–I, D–II
2. A–III, B–I, C–IV, D–II
3. A–II, B–III, C–IV, D–I

36. Which statement about Ibn Battuta is not true?

1. Wrote Rihla in Arabic
2. Born in Tangier
3. Roads of India were unsafe
4. Went to Persia in 1342

37. The terms Great Tradition and Little Tradition were coined by:

1. John Marshall
2. R.E.M. Wheeler
3. Robert Redfield
4. M.N. Srinivas

38. Saguna Bhakti traditions do not include:

1. Worship of specific deities like Vishnu or Shiva
2. Forms conceptualised in human form
3. Worship of abstract god
4. Worship of deity with attributes

39. The rulers of Vijayanagara called themselves:

1. Rayas
2. Nayakas
3. Kudiraigas
4. Samrajyapatis

40. Who was appointed the first Surveyor General of India in 1815?

1. George Michell
2. John Marshall
3. R.E.M. Wheeler
4. Colin Mackenzie

41–50 (Comprehension Passage)

Based on the passage “**The British element is gone, but they have left the mischief behind.**”

41. Who is the speaker of the passage?

1. Mahatma Gandhi
2. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
3. B. R. Ambedkar
4. R. V. Dhulekar

42. According to the speaker, the consequence of separate electorates was:

1. Free and fair election
2. Increase in nationalism

3. Freedom for India
4. Partition of India

43. What is opposed by the speaker?

1. Division of the country
2. Separate electorates
3. Lapse of British rule
4. Demand for easy administration

44. The mischief of separate electorates was left behind by:

1. Muslim League
2. British Government
3. People leaving after partition
4. Nawabs and Rajas

45. Why did the British introduce separate electorates?

1. Easy administration
2. Strengthen Indian polity
3. Protect rights of Indians
4. Provide balanced framework

46. Who is the author of the passage “Charkha” (Young India, 1927)?

1. Mahatma Gandhi
2. Jawaharlal Nehru
3. Subhas Chandra Bose
4. Vallabhbhai Patel

47. What is the writer opposing?

1. Quest for modernisation
2. Setting up factories
3. Changing modern trends
4. Mindless craze for machinery

48. What does “saving labour” mean?

1. Saving lives
 2. Saving humans from labour
 3. Replacing humans by machines
 4. Giving honour to labour
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49. What fear is expressed in the paragraph?

1. Men will start loving machinery
 2. Machines will replace labour
 3. Machines will rule the world
 4. Labour will get respect
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50. What is the writer’s view about machines?

1. Industrialisation should not concentrate wealth
 2. Humans should get employment
 3. Machines should not replace humans
 4. Time and labour should be saved
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